The Promise, Limits, and Future of Artificial

Intelligence and Robotics

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Market Sizes



- Autonomous ground vehicles: \$65B by 2027
- Aerial Imaging: \$4B by 2024
- Precision Agriculture: \$9B by 2025

https://static.makeuseof.com/wp-content/uploads/2015/06/Mostcommonjobs-640x360.png https://www.gminsights.com/industry-analysis/aerial-imaging-market https://www.marketresearchfuture.com/reports/autonomous-vehicles-market-1020 https://www.marketsandmarkets.com/Market-Reports/precision-farming-market-1243.html Major Hardware Advances Driving Modern Autonomous Robotics

- Low-cost, high-power micro-electronics
- Low-cost, high-power computation
- New generations of sensors







Velodyne (3D Laser Scanner)



Slide courtesy of J. Leonard, MIT



EPE MA SE 51476620 51476870 28-39 PA 61 28 39 FA C1 AE 48 08 85 AE 40 89 86 AB 24 28 60 Advances in robotics now (mostly) from software 47 68 70 81282A36 28 39 FA 61 51476870 AE 40 09 0E 2839FAC1 A0 24 28 66 AE 40 09 06 AA SA 47 10

BOSTOR 61262436 5147.6820 28397481 夏日 主石 杂草 合臣 80.24.24.60 95 86 47 18 SC FRAIZT 10 69 30 69 01282836 51375830 25 39 FA D1 AE 46 88 85 **MARTIN**

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肝料料 (5)

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白斑紅胡

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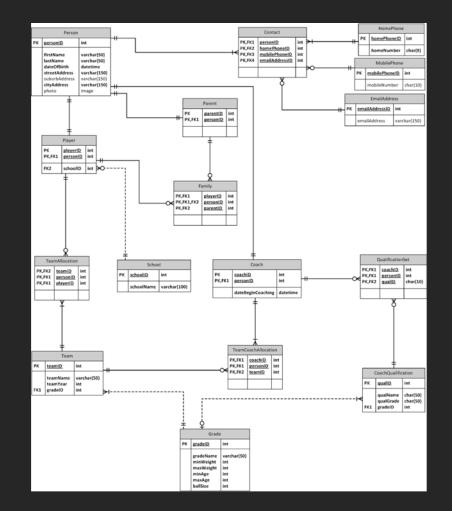
计和目录

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NEW BOX

Representing Knowledge in Robotics





In Defense of Probability

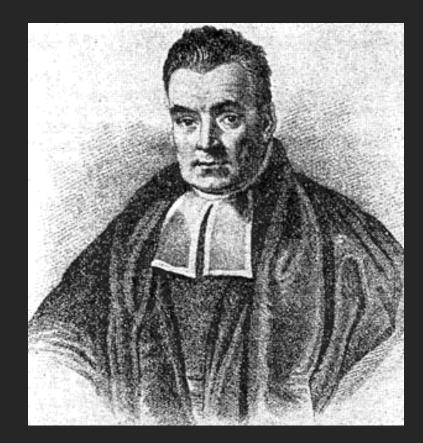
Peter Cheeseman SRI International 333 Ravenswood Ave., Menlo Park, California 94025

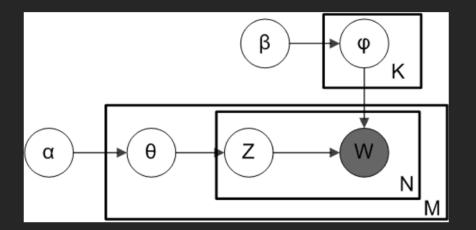
Abstract

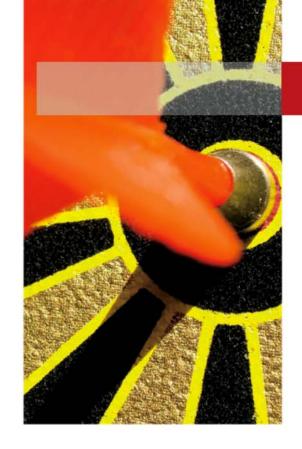
In this paper, it is argued that probability theory, when used correctly, is suffrcient for the task of reasoning under uncertainty. Since numerous authors have rejected probability as inadequate for various reasons, the bulk of the paper is aimed at refuting these claims and indicating the scources of error. In particular, the definition of probability as a measure of belief rather than a frequency ratio is advocated, since a frequency interpretation of probability drasference is that in probabilistic inference all the relevant inference paths ("proofs") connecting the evidence to the hypothesis of interest must be examined and "combined", while in logic it is sufficient to establish a single path between the axioms and the theorem of interest. Also, the output is different, the former includes at least one numerical measure, the latter simply true or false.

Unfortunately, the logical style of reasoning is so prevalent in AI that many have attempted to force intrinsically

Representing Knowledge in Robotics







EXPERT OPINION

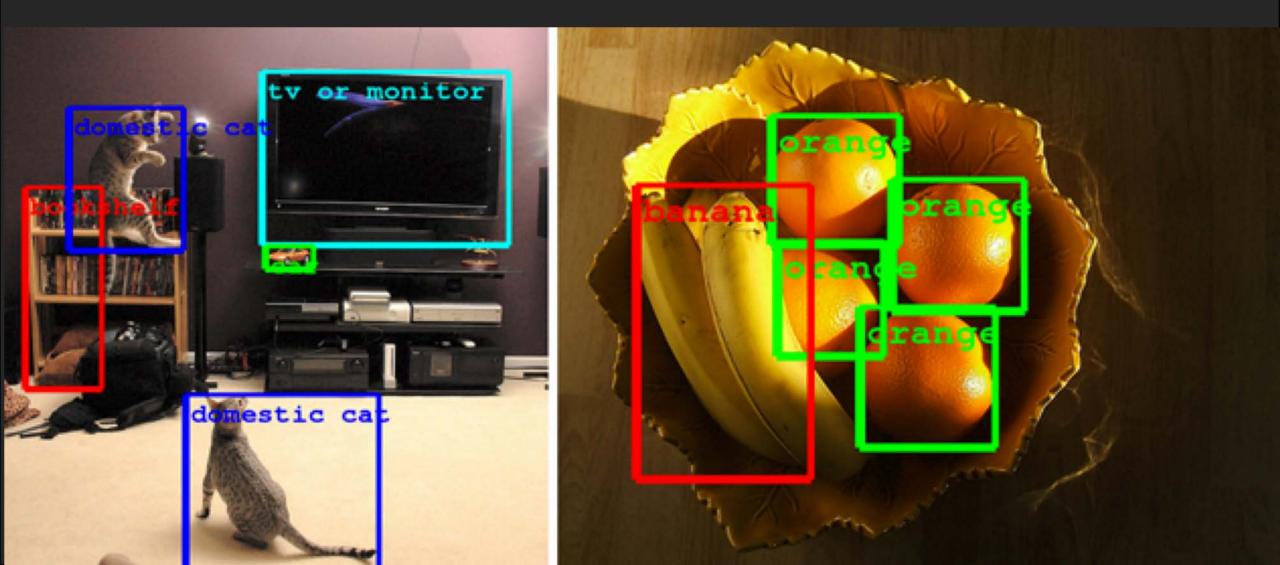
Contact Editor: Brian Brannon, bbrannon@computer.org

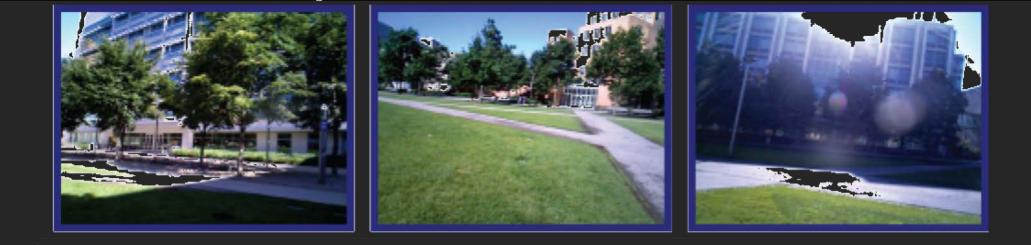
The Unreasonable Effectiveness of Data

Alon Halevy, Peter Norvig, and Fernando Pereira, Google

ugene Wigner's article "The Unreasonable Effectiveness of Mathematics in the Natural Sciences"¹ examines why so much of physics can be behavior. So, this corpus could serve as the basis of a complete model for certain tasks—if only we knew how to extract the model from the data.

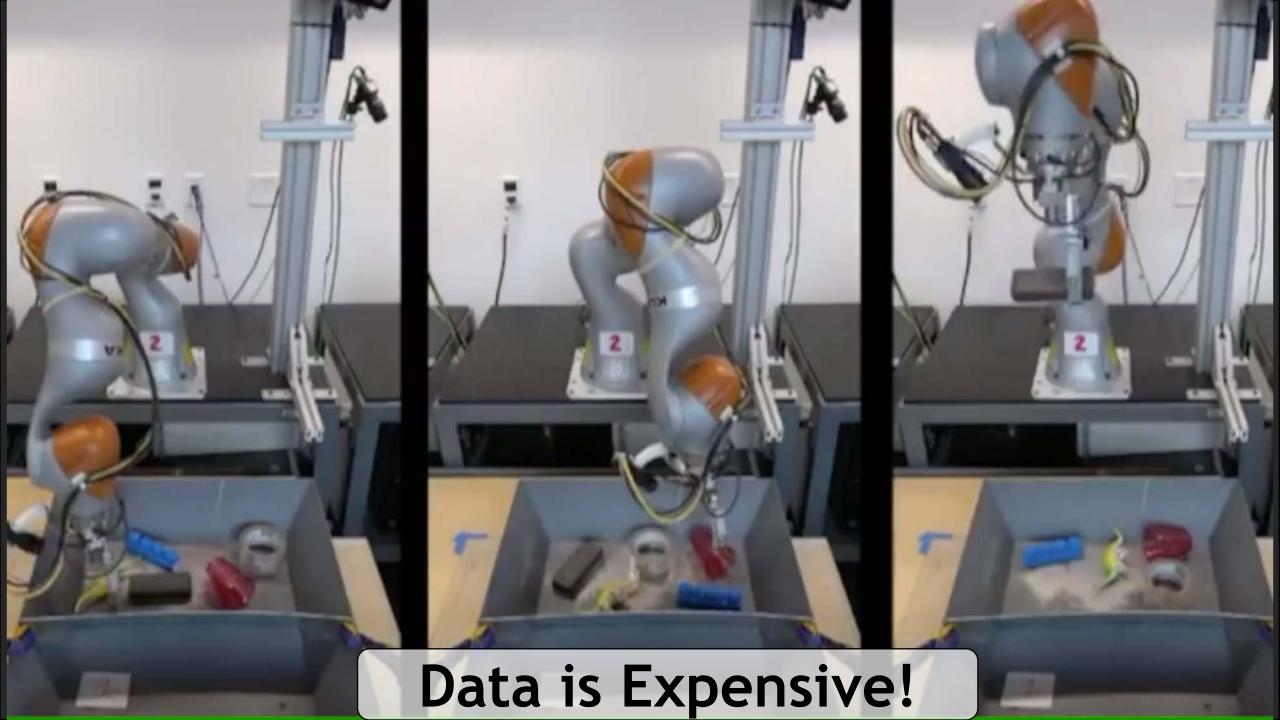
Object Recognition



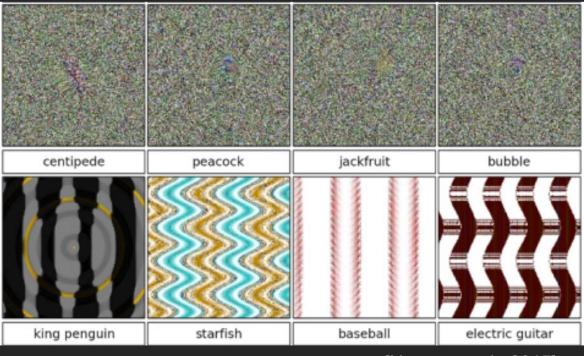




The Promise, Limits, and Future of Artificial Intelligence and Robotics

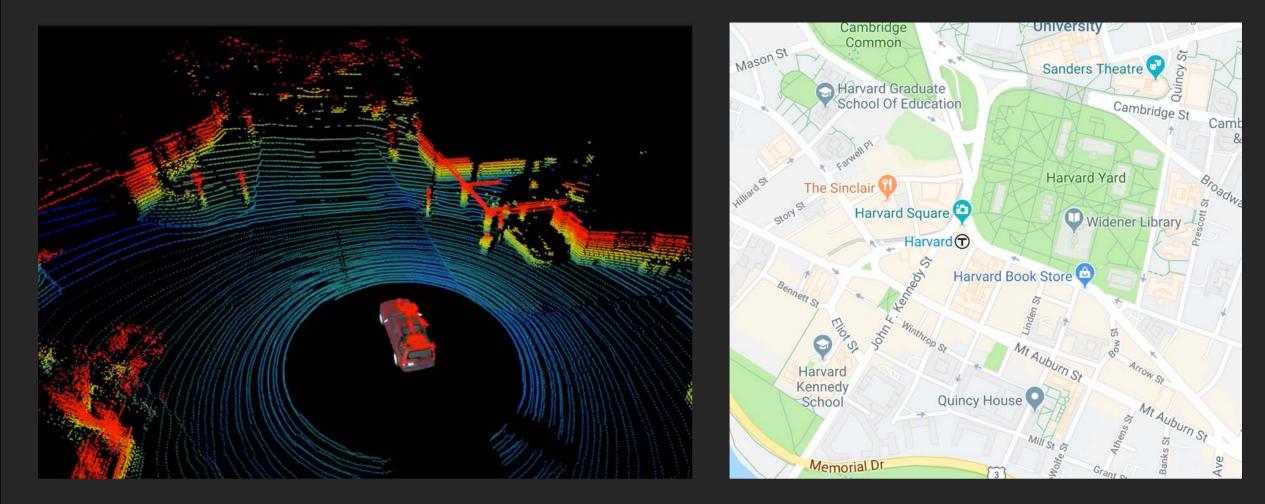


Learning algorithms can be fooled, yet safety is critical

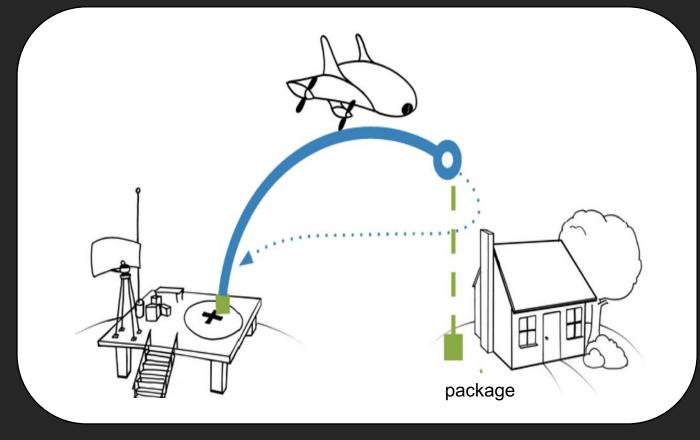


[Nguyen et al., 2015]

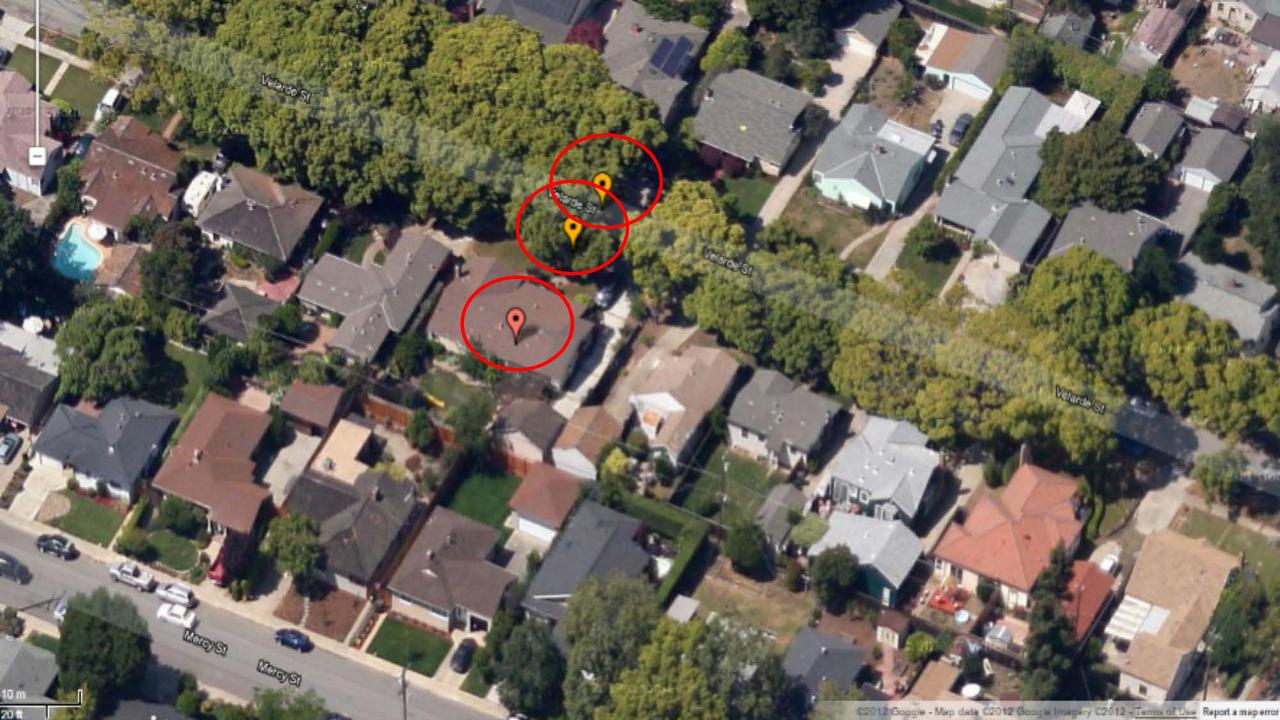
Human vs Machine Cognition



Robot and AI Do Not Have Understanding



Delivery sequence: 1. Take off 2. Fly to destination address 3. Enter hover 4. Lower winch 5. Release package 6. Raise winch 7. Fly home 8. Land



Substantial manual engineering made this happen

Operator Cost



Total Cost of Ownership

Vehicle cost: relatively low

3 big TCO problems:

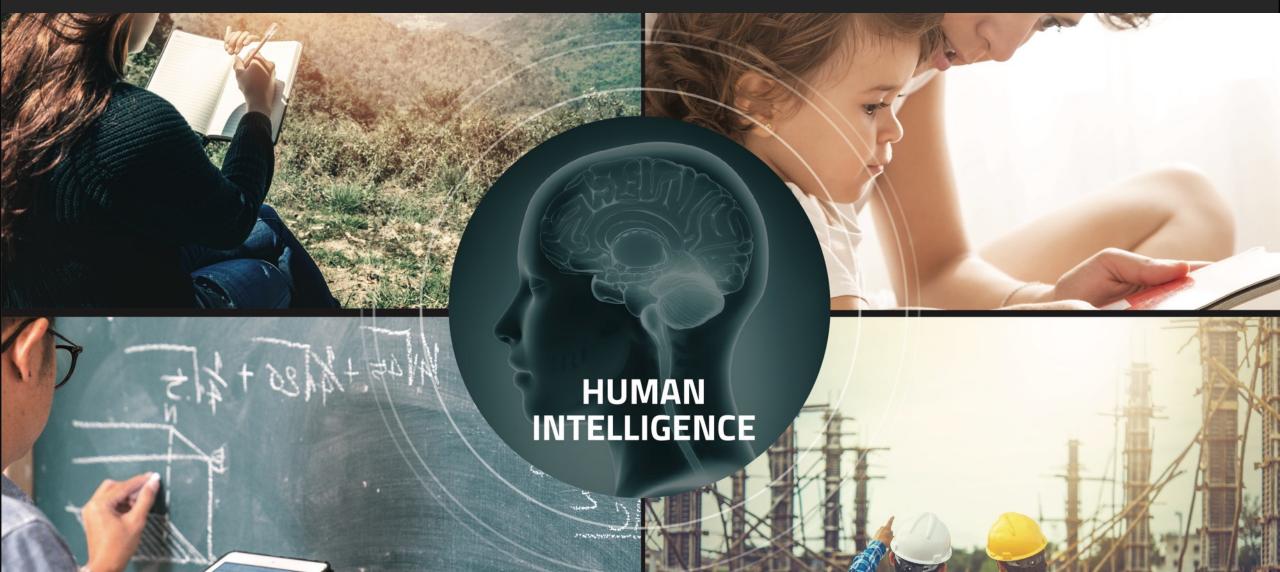
- Supervisor costs
- Energy costs
- Back-end infrastructure

Construction has:
Expensive Data
High cost of failure
Complex operational constraints
High need for human oversight

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Intelligence and Robotics

MIT Quest for Intelligence



MIT Quest for Intelligence

What is the MIT Quest for Intelligence?

- •The Quest aims to advance two fundamental intelligence challenges:
 - Can we reverse engineer intelligence?
 - How can we deploy our current and expanding understanding of intelligence to the benefit of society?

NTELLIGENCE

 The goal is to make true progress in our understanding of intelligence, and use that knowledge to create a better world

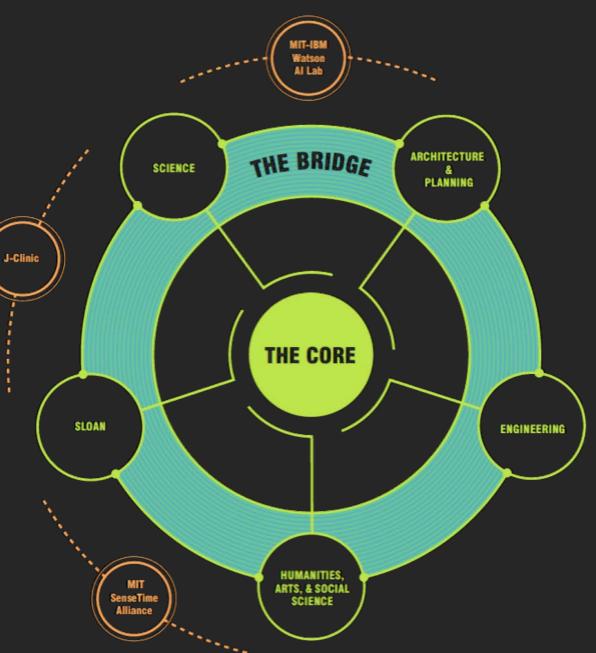




Who is involved in The Quest?

Architecture & Planning Humanities, Arts, & Social Sciences Engineering Science Sloan School of Management





Create real A.I.

Transform education

975. F. 33Y

Understand ourselves

Ameliorate brain disorders

HOSPIT

MR 2004

9/1975, F, 33Y

https://youtu.be/aS-QLB8ELyk?t=95



© Warneken & Tomasello



Current Issues and Challenges

- Lack of accessibility
- Lack of resources
- Lack of expertise in tools
- Lack of reproducibility





Photo credit: MIT Infinite History



AI Platforms - Tools - Services

Data

Curation Hosting Archiving

- Benchmarks
- Research datasets

Software



Open repository Standardized Reproducible Deployable - AI workflows

- AI pipelines

Seamless AI development - Industry clouds - Local clusters New Hardware

Hardware





Consulting Team & Ethical Team

- Academic
- Industry
- Developers
- Users



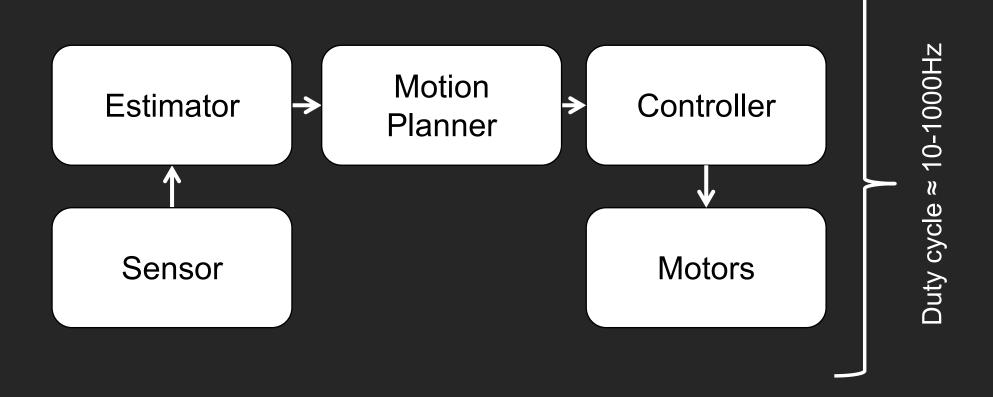
What is next?

The next generation of AI theories and systems that are safe around people, learn by themselves and understand how the world works.

Slide Graveyard

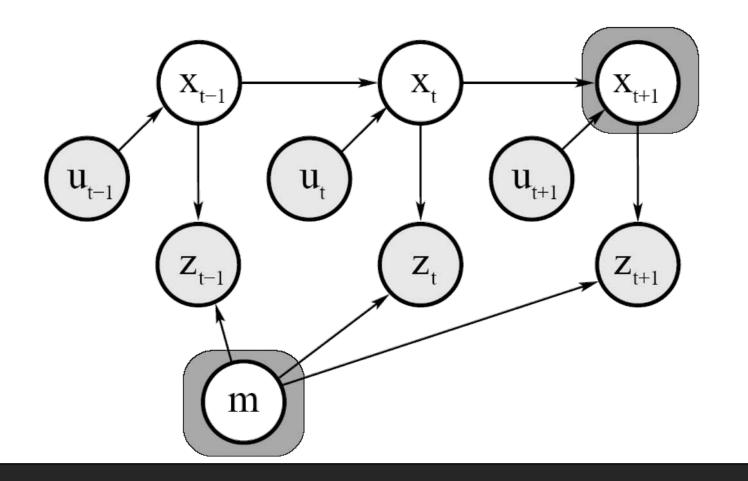
AI In the Physical World

- Where am I and what is around me?
- What should I do?
- How to learn from experience?



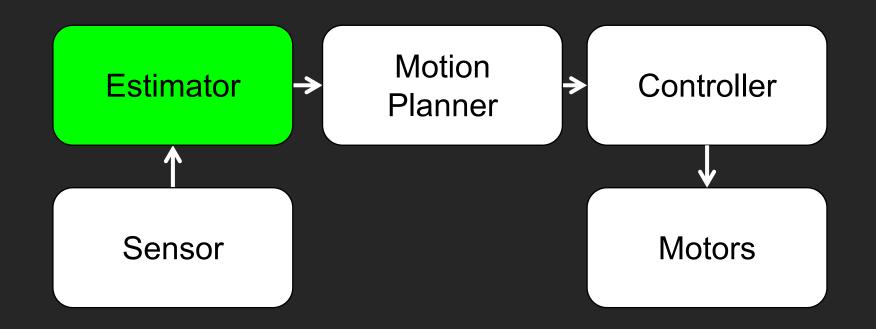
Statistical Models

 $p(x_t, m | z_{1:t}, u_{1:t})$



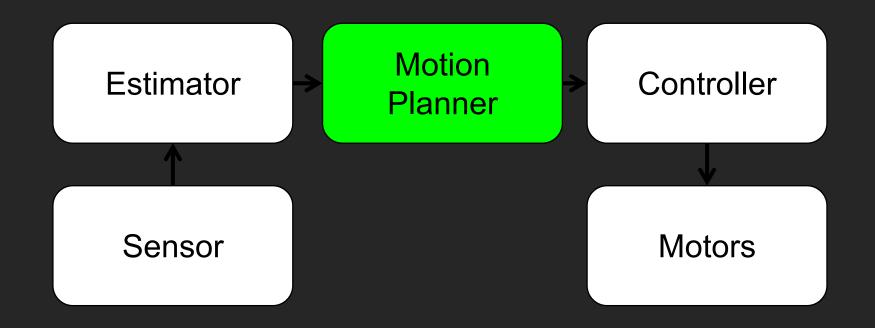
AI In the Physical World

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Autonomy for Robotics

- Where am I and what is around me?
- What should I do?
- How to learn from experience?



A common assumption: models are known



 YCB Dataset : models of household objects fabricated from specified model files

